

# 2001 Census Profiles – Notes and Glossary

## Notes on understanding and using Profile data

**Confidentiality:** Census data is published to describe areas and NOT individual persons or households. The Office for National Statistics (ONS) has taken steps to safeguard the anonymity of the individual person or household. These include ‘small cell adjustment’ whereby small numbers appearing within Census tables are modified before publication. This means that e.g. a count of households from one table may not agree with the same count from another table. Since Profile data is drawn from a large number of different tables this effect may be seen within the set of profiles for one area.

**Aggregations:** In order that Profiles may be produced for a wide variety of administrative and geographic areas it is necessary to aggregate published Census data. Summing data which has already been modified to preserve confidentiality (see note 1) results in data less accurate than the original data. If a profile is based on aggregated data this will be acknowledged in the top right of the profile.

**Rounding:** Where percentages are displayed in a table, row and columns totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding of the individual items.

**Area types:** Census data is provided for a range of area types as described at the top right of each profile. Most ‘types’ are self-explanatory (e.g. parish, county). The term ‘District Wards (2001)’ refers to the set of wards for which Census data has been published. In Derbyshire this means Amber Valley’s wards in use since 2001 and , for the rest of the County, the wards that came into being in April 2003.

**Interpretation of small numbers:** care must be taken in interpreting percentages where they relate to very small numbers. Comparisons with county or national figures can be misleading in this situation.

## A

### **Admin. & secretarial**

Administrative & secretarial occupations such as accounts clerks, library assistants, telephonists, receptionists and typists.

### **Age**

Age is at a person’s last birthday.

### **Agriculture, forestry and fishing**

This industrial category also includes horticulture and market gardening.

### **Amenities**

*See Central heating, Without sole use of bath/WC*

### **Area**

The area is measured in hectares. Areas do not include inland water. (1 hectare =2.47 acres)

### **Area type and code**

A description of an area (ward, parish etc) and a unique reference code appear at the top right of the profile.

*See also Notes at top, section 4*

### **Asian or Asian British**

This ethnic group category includes Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Other Asian groups.

## **Associate professional & technical**

This category includes such occupations as technicians, estate agents, nurses, musicians, police officers (sergeant and below), train drivers, careers advisers, journalists and sports players.

### **Average distance travelled**

Distance here means the crow-fly distance (in kilometres) between the postcode of residence and postcode of place of work. People working mainly at home or with no fixed place of work are not included in the calculation of average distance travelled.

### **Average household size**

Household size is the number of residents in a household.

## B

### **Banking, finance, insurance, etc.**

This industrial category includes banks, building societies, insurance, real estate, renting, computer services, legal services, and other professional and business services.

### **Bath**

*See Without sole use of bath/WC*

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### **Black or Black British**

This ethnic group category includes Caribbean, African, Other Black groups.

### **C**

#### **Car**

This 'travel to work' category includes drivers and passengers of cars and vans.

#### **Central heating**

Central heating includes having gas, oil, solid fuel heating, etc in some or all rooms whether or not it is used.

#### **Christian**

Includes Church of England, Catholic, Protestant and all other Christian denominations.

#### **Cohabiting couple household**

In most tables the term 'cohabiting couple household' is used to describe a household that comprises a cohabiting couple family and no other person. A cohabiting couple family consists of two people living together but not married with or without their child(ren). Couples of the same sex are included.

#### **Communal establishment**

This is defined as a residential establishment with full or part-time supervision of the accommodation. Examples are prisons, hospitals and hotels.

### **D**

#### **Density**

Population density is defined as the resident population of an area divided by the number of hectares.

#### **Dependent children**

A dependent child is a person aged 0-15 in a household (whether or not in a family) or aged 16-18, in full-time education and living in a family with his or her parent(s).

#### **Distribution and catering**

This industrial category includes wholesale and retail trading, the sale and repair of motor vehicles, hotels, restaurants and public houses.

#### **Dwelling**

A household's accommodation (a household space) is in a **shared dwelling** if it has accommodation type 'part of a converted or shared house', not all the rooms are behind a door that only that household can use and there is at least 1 other such

household space at the same address with which it can be combined to form the shared dwelling. If any of these conditions is not met, the household space forms an **unshared dwelling**. Hence a dwelling can consist of one household space (an unshared dwelling) or two or more household spaces (a shared dwelling).

### **E**

#### **Economic activity**

*See also Economically active and Economically inactive*

The Economic Activity questions were completed only by people aged 16 to 74. They related to whether or not a person was working or looking for work in the week before the Census. The concept of Economic Activity is compatible with the International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition of economic status.

#### **Economically active**

The economically active are those people (aged 16-74) who were in employment in the week preceding the Census together with those that were unemployed in that week. The count includes full-time students who were economically active (employed or unemployed) at that time.

#### **Economically active rate**

This is the number of economically active people (aged 16-74) in an area expressed as a percentage of the total number of people (aged 16-74) in that area.

#### **Economically inactive**

This category includes all people (aged 16-74) who are not Economically Active. Reasons for inactivity include: retired, student (those who are not economically active), looking after family/home, permanently sick or disabled. A person who is looking for work but not able to start within 2 weeks is counted as economically inactive.

#### **Economically inactive rate**

This is the number of economically inactive (aged 16-74) expressed a percentage of the total number of people aged 16-74.

#### **Elementary occupations**

This category includes farm, forestry and horticultural workers, building labourers, machine minders, packers, loaders, postal workers, office juniors, hospital porters, bar and restaurant staff, cleaners, security guards, traffic wardens and car

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park attendants.

### **Ethnic group**

*See also White, Mixed, Asian or Asian British, Black or Black British*

The question on ethnicity recorded each person's perceived ethnic group and cultural background.

These details were used to produce the classification seen in the table.

## **F**

### **Family**

A family comprises a group of people consisting of a married or cohabiting couple with or without child(ren), or a lone parent with child(ren). It also includes a married or cohabiting couple with their grandchild(ren) or a lone grandparent with his or her grandchild(ren) where there are no children in the intervening generation in the household.

Children in couple families need not belong to both members of the couple.

### **Full-time employee**

A full-time employee works for 31 hours or more a week in his/her main job.

### **Full-time student**

A full-time student is a person of any age who has indicated that they are a schoolchild or student in full-time education.

## **H**

### **Health**

*See 'Not good' general health*

### **Highest attained: A-levels**

This qualification category includes people with one or more of the following: 2 or more A-levels, 4 or more AS-levels, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ

### **Highest attained: Degrees and diplomas**

This qualification category includes people with one or more of the following: first degree, higher degree, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HNC, HND, Qualified Teacher Status, Medical Doctor, Dentist, Nurse Midwife, Health Visitor

### **Highest attained: None**

This qualification category includes people who have no qualifications at GCSE (any grade)/ GCE 'O' levels or above.

### **Hours worked**

These are hours worked per week in a person's main job.

### **Household space**

A household space is defined as the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household.

### **Household**

A household comprises one person living alone, or a group of people (not necessarily related) living at the same address with common housekeeping - i.e. sharing a living room or at least one meal a day.

### **Household deprivation**

There are four dimensions of household deprivation defined. A household is 'deprived' in the following dimension(s) if:

**Employment:** Any member of the household aged 16 to 74 who is not a full-time student is either unemployed or permanently sick.

**Education:** No member of the household aged 16 to pensionable age has at least 5 GCSEs (grade A-C) or equivalent AND no member of the household aged 16 to 18 is in full-time education.

**Health and disability:** Any member of the household has general health 'not good' or has a limiting long-term illness.

**Housing:** The household's accommodation is either overcrowded, OR is in a shared dwelling OR does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet OR has no central heating.

## **I**

### **Industry**

*See also individual industry descriptions*

All people who were working in the week before the Census filled in information on the nature of their business (if self-employed) or the main activity of their employer. The responses are classified in accordance with a modified version of the UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992 - UK SIC(92).

## **L**

### **Limiting long-term illness**

This is a (self-assessed) long-term illness, health problem or disability (including problems due to old-age) that limits a person's daily activities or the work that they do.

### **Lone parent family**

A lone parent family is a father or mother with his or her child(ren) where the parent does not have a

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spouse or partner in the household and the children do not have a spouse, partner or child in the household. It also includes a lone grandparent with his or her grandchild(ren) where there are no children in the intervening generation.

### **Lone parent household**

This term describes a Lone parent family that has no other person in the household.

## **M**

### **Managers and senior officials**

This occupation category also includes working proprietors, such as shopkeepers, hoteliers and publicans.

### **Married couple household**

This is a household that comprises a married couple family and no other person. A married couple family consists of a husband and wife with or without their children. Children are included if they do not have children of their own and also do not live with partners/spouses of their own.

### **Mining, energy and water supply**

This industrial category includes all forms of mining and quarrying, the production and distribution of electricity and gas, and the collection, purification and supply of water.

### **Mixed**

This ethnic group category includes White and Black Caribbean, White and Black African, White and Asian, Other Mixed groups.

## **N**

### **National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification (NS-SeC)**

This classification has been introduced by the Government to replace Social Class and Socio-Economic Groups (SEG).

See [www.statistics.gov.uk/nsbase/methods\\_quality/ns-sec](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/nsbase/methods_quality/ns-sec) for details.

### **No car household**

This is where no car (private or company) is owned or available for use by any member of the household.

### **'Not good' general health**

The census question asked people to do a self-assessment of their general health over the last year. Three responses were allowed: good general health, fairly good general health or not good

general health.

## **O**

### **Occupation**

*See also individual occupation descriptions*

Details on a person's job title and associated job description are classified in accordance with the 2000 edition of the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC2000).

### **Occupied household spaces**

These are household spaces with one or more people resident in them.

### **Other services**

This industrial category includes sewage and refuse disposal, cinemas, theatres, libraries, sporting and recreational activities, laundries, hairdressers and undertakers.

### **Other social rented**

This includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable Trust and non-profit housing company.

### **Overcrowded households**

A household is overcrowded if it has one room too few for the number of people in the household. It is assumed all households need two common rooms (excluding bathrooms).

### **Owner-occupied**

This includes accommodation that is either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or shared ownership (paying part rent and part mortgage)

## **P**

### **Part-time employee**

A part-time employee works for 30 hours or less each week in his/her main job.

### **Pensioner**

Males aged 65 or over and females aged 60 or over are identified as people of pensionable age. An 'all pensioner' household is one where all the members of the household are of pensionable age.

### **Personal service**

This category includes such occupations as ambulance staff, dental nurses, nursery nurses, travel agents, hairdressers and caretakers.

### **Process, plant & machine operatives**

This category includes the operation of all types of industrial plant and equipment, the assembly of

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products from component parts; it also includes bakery workers, quarry workers, tyre fitters, road and rail construction workers, and drivers of buses, lorries, taxis, cranes, fork-lift trucks, excavators, etc.

### Population

The 2001 Census has been conducted on a resident basis. This means that the statistics relate to where people usually live, as opposed to where they were on Census night. Students and schoolchildren studying away from the family home are counted as resident at their term-time address.

### Population change

Census counts for 2001 are compared with revised 1991 Mid-year Estimates. (1991 Census figures are not used because of definitional differences.) The figure for 1991 is subtracted from that for 2001 to give the 'change in numbers' figure. This latter figure is then expressed as a % of the 1991 estimate.

### Private/other rented

This includes accommodation that is rented from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, relative or friend of a household member, or other non-social rented.

### Professional

This category includes such occupations as accountants, architects, chemists, engineers, doctors, teachers, and solicitors.

### Public admin., education, health

This industrial category includes administration by central and local government, all levels of education, and all health and social work

### Public transport

This category includes underground, trams, trains, buses, minibuses, coaches and taxis.

## Q

### Qualifications

*See Highest attained: None, Highest attained: A-levels, Highest attained: Degree/diploma*

## R

### Religion

*See also Christian*

The 2001 Census was the first to include a (voluntary) question on religion.

### Rented from council/housing assoc.

This includes accommodation that is rented from a council, housing association or co-operative, charitable trust, non-profit housing company or registered social landlord.

### Rounding error

Percentages within a table may not sum to 100% due to rounding of the individual items.

## S

### Sales & customer service

This category includes such occupations as shop assistants, roundsmen/women, market traders and call centre operators.

### Second residence/ holiday accommodation

Households that returned a Census form but which proved to be all visitor households are classified as second/ holiday homes in output.

### Shared dwelling

*See Dwelling*

### Skilled trades

This category includes such occupations as farmers, sheet metal workers, motor mechanics, electricians, bricklayers, carpenters, decorators, tailors, printers, butchers and cooks.

## T

### Tenure

*See also Owner-occupied, Rented from council/housing assoc., Private/other rented, Other social rented*

The tenure of a household is derived from the response to the question asking whether the household owns or rents its accommodation and, if rented, from the response to the question asking who is the landlord.

### This Area

This refers to the area cited at the top left of the profile. All the statistics in the profile relate to this area except where comparative figures for the administrative county of Derbyshire (or the East Midlands region) and England are shown.

### Transport, storage, communication

This industrial category includes all forms of transport, cargo handling and storage, postal services and telecommunications.

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### **Travelling to work**

*See also Car, Public transport*

Information on the usual method of travel to work for the longest part of the journey was collected.

### **U**

#### **Unemployed**

These are people (aged 16-74) not in employment who were available to start work within the last 2 weeks, and either looked for work in the last 4 weeks or were waiting to start a new job. This definition is consistent with the International Labour Office (ILO) definition of unemployment.

#### **Unemployment rate**

This is the number of unemployed (aged 16-74) expressed as a percentage of the total number of people (aged 16-74).

#### **Unpaid care**

A person is a provider of unpaid care if they give help or support to family members, friends, neighbours etc because of long-term physical or mental health disability or problems relating to old age. Care can be given within or outside the carer's household.

#### **Unshared dwelling**

*See Dwelling*

### **V**

#### **Vacant household spaces**

These are household spaces identified by the enumerator as absents, refusals, or non-returns and which do not have a household imputed by the Office for National Statistics One Number Census process.

### **W**

#### **White**

This ethnic group category includes British, Irish, and Other White groups.

#### **Without sole use of bath/WC**

A household's accommodation is described as being 'without sole use of bath/WC' if it does not have a bath/shower and/or a toilet or it has to share one or more of these facilities.